AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Currently Amended

Claim 1 (Original): A method of cleaning a CVD vacuum vessel which has an electrically

2/19/04

conductive partition plate which divides an interior of the vacuum vessel into a plasma generating space and a film-deposition processing space, and in the electrically conductive partition plate there is a plurality of through-holes connecting the plasma generating space to the film-deposition processing space, the method comprising the steps of:

feeding a cleaning gas into the plasma-generating space;

generating active seeds by applying high-frequency electric power to electrodes arranged in the plasma-generating space;

feeding the generated active species into the film-deposition processing space through the plurality of through-holes in the electrically conductive partition plate;

heating said electrically conductive partition plate; and

cleaning the film-deposition processing space by the active seeds which have been fed into this film-deposition processing space.

Claim 2 (Original): The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of maintaining the electrically conductive partition plate at ground potential.

Claim 3 (Canceled)

Claim 4 (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the cleaning gas is one or more types of fluoride gas.

Claim 5 (Original): The method of claim 4, wherein the fluoride gases are NF_3 , F_2 , SF_6 , CF_4 , C_2F_6 and C_3F_8 .

Claim 6 (Original): The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of adding oxygen gas to the cleaning gas.

Claim 7 (Original): The method of claim 6, wherein an amount of oxygen gas added is such that the concentration is 60% or less.

Claim 8 (Withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein the cleaning gas is O_2 .

Claim 9 (Original): The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of adding any of He, Ne, Ar, Kr and Xe to the cleaning gas.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The method of claim $\underline{1}$ 3, wherein the heating of said electrically conductive partition plate is carried out within a temperature range which

inhibits the adsorption of fluorine onto an inner circumferential face of the through-holes and the surface of the partition plate.

Claim 11 (Original): The method of claim 10, wherein the cleaning gas is carbon fluoride gas or nitrogen fluoride and the electrically conductive partition plate is heated to 200°C or more.

Claim 12 (Original): The method of claim 10, wherein the cleaning gas is sulfur fluoride gas and the electrically conductive partition plate is heated to 100°C or more.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): A method of cleaning a CVD system, the CVD system having in which active species are produced by generating plasma inside a vacuum vessel and film is deposited on a substrate accommodated in the vacuum vessel-by the active species and material in gas form, wherein said CVD system is configured in such a way that, by providing said vacuum vessel with an electrically conductive partition plate, wherein the interior of said vacuum vessel is divided into a plasma generating space and a film deposition processing space two chambers by said an electrically conductive partition plate, said plate comprising a plurality of through-holes and in the interior of one of said two chambers into which the interior of the vacuum vessel is divided, a plasma generating space in which high frequency electrode is arranged is formed, and in the interior of the other chamber a film deposition processing space in which there is arranged a substrate-holding mechanism on which said substrate is mounted is formed, said CVD system is

configured in such a way that in said electrically conductive partition plate there is a plurality of through-holes made to pass through said plasma-generating space and said filmdeposition processing space, the plurality of through-holes are formed in such a way that where the velocity of gas flow inside said through-holes is u, the effective length of the through-holes is L and the coefficient of mutual gas diffusion is D, the following condition uL/D>1 is fulfilled, and an interior space is formed therein which is divided off from said plasma-forming space and which communicates with said film-deposition processing space via a plurality of diffusion holes, and said material in gas form is supplied to the interior space of said electrically conductive partition plate from the outside and fed into said filmdeposition processing space through said plurality of diffusion holes, and said CVD system introduces into said film-deposition processing space, through the plurality of through-holes formed in said partition plate, said active species which are generated in said plasmagenerating space by applying high-frequency electric power to said high-frequency electrodes and thus producing a plasma electric discharge in said plasma-generating space, the cleaning method comprising the steps of:

maintaining the electrically conductive partition plate at ground potential; feeding a cleaning gas into the plasma-generating space;

generating active seeds by applying high-frequency electric power to electrodes arranged in the plasma-generating space;

feeding the generated active seeds into the film-deposition processing space through the plurality of through-holes in the electrically conductive partition plate;

heating said electrically conductive partition plate; and

cleaning the film-deposition processing space by the active species which are fed into this film-deposition processing space.

Claim 14 (Canceled)

Claim 15 (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein the cleaning gas is one or more types of fluoride gas.

Claim 16 (Original): The method of claim 15, wherein the fluoride gases are NF $_3$, F $_2$, SF $_6$, CF $_4$, C $_2$ F $_6$ and C $_3$ F $_8$.

Claim 17 (Original): The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of adding oxygen gas to the cleaning gas.

Claim 18 (Original): The method of claim 17, wherein an amount of oxygen gas added is such that the concentration is 60% or less.

Claim 19 (Withdrawn): The method of claim 13, wherein the cleaning gas is O₂.

Claim 20 (Original): The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of adding any of He, Ne, Ar, Kr and Xe to the cleaning gas.

Claim 21 (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein the heating of said electrically conductive partition plate is carried out within a temperature range which inhibits the adsorption of fluorine onto the inner circumferential face of said through-holes and the surface of the partition plate.

Claim 22 (Original): The method of claim 21, wherein the cleaning gas is carbon fluoride gas or nitrogen fluoride and the electrically conductive partition plate is heated to 200°C or more.

Claim 23 (New): A CVD apparatus comprising:

a vacuum vessel separated into two chambers;

the first one of the two chambers containing a radio-frequency electrode;

the second one of the two chamber containing a substrate support mechanism for mounting a substrate;

wherein said vacuum vessel is separated by an electrically conductive partitioning section, said partitioning section comprising:

a plurality of through-holes to allow communication between the first chamber and the second chamber;

an interior space for receiving a reactive gas, the interior space separated from the first chamber and communicating with the second chamber through a plurality of diffusion holes; and

a heater for heating the electrically conductive partition section.

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Claim 24 (New): The apparatus of claim 23, further comprising:

an electrically conductive spiral shield; and

wherein the partitioning section is mounted to the vacuum vessel by means of a mounting screw such that electrical contact between the partitioning section and the vacuum vessel is achieved through said spiral shield.